

## ICS 100 - Multiple Choice Exam

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

MAILING ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

1. **A basic ICS principle is that the first Incident Commander is responsible until the:**
  - a. Five management functions are activated
  - b. Next operational period has begun
  - c. Authority is delegated to another person
  - d. Event or incident has demobilized.
  
2. **Operations, Planning, Logistics, and Finance/Administration functions may be delegated as an incident expands. The people who perform these four management functions are designated as the:**
  - a. Deputy Staff.
  - b. Director Staff
  - c. Command Staff.
  - d. General Staff
  
3. **At which incident facility are primary logistics functions coordinated and administered?**
  - a. Base
  - b. Camp
  - c. Incident Command Post
  - d. Staging Area

**4. Which position is the only one that is always staffed in ICS applications?**

- a. Operations Section Chief
- b. Incident Commander
- c. Public Information Officer
- d. Safety Officer

**5. ICS has been used to manage incidents such as fires, earthquakes, hurricanes, and acts of terrorism. Which of the following situations represents another viable application for the use of ICS?**

- a. The planning and operation of Canada Day celebration, including the parade, fireworks display and entertainment.
- b. The oversight of safety issues associated with a freshman chemistry class throughout the fall and spring semesters.
- c. The management of nursing staff at the university hospital during weekend shifts.
- d. The oversight of the annual fiscal budget for a college library, including the procurement of new books.

**6. The Incident Commander may need to designate personnel to provide public information, safety, and liaison services for the entire organization. In ICS, these personnel make up the:**

- a. Deputy Staff
- b. Director Staff
- c. Command Staff
- d. General Staff

- 7. The purpose of the Incident Action Plan is to provide all incident supervisory personnel with direction for:**
- a. Taking actions based on the objectives identified in the plan during the operational period.
  - b. Maintaining documentation and tracking resources assigned to the incident.
  - c. Monitoring the number of resources that report to any one supervisor
  - d. Obtaining and maintaining essential personnel, equipment, and supplies.
- 8. The ability to communicate within ICS is absolutely critical. To ensure efficient, clear communication, ICS requires the use of:**
- a. Agency-specific codes.
  - b. Common terminology.
  - c. Radio Codes.
  - d. Technical language.
- 9. There is no correlation between the ICS organization and the administrative structure of any single agency or jurisdiction. This is deliberate because:**
- a. Every incident or event requires that different management functions be performed.
  - b. On small incidents and events, one person, the Incident Commander, may accomplish all five management functions.
  - c. In ICS, the person at the top of the organization can act with less political pressure.
  - d. Confusion over different position titles and organizational structures has been a significant stumbling block to effective incident management in the past.

**10. Which General Staff position conducts tactical operations, develops the tactical objectives and organization, and directs all tactical resources?**

- a. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- b. Logistics Section Chief
- c. Operations Section Chief
- d. Planning Section Chief

**11. Which Command Staff position serves as the conduit between internal and external stakeholders, including the media, or other organizations seeking information directly from the incident or event?**

- a. Public Information Officer
- b. Liaison Officer
- c. Resource Officer
- d. Safety Officer

**12. At each level of the ICS organization, individuals in positions of primary responsibility have distinct titles. Using specific ICS position titles serves three important purposes:**

- **The use of distinct titles allows for filling ICS positions with the most qualified individuals rather than by rank.**
  - **Standard position titles are useful when requesting qualified personnel.**
- a. Titles provide a common standard for all responders.
  - b. Distinct titles help clarify the activities undertaken by specific personnel.
  - c. Position titles help to maintain the normal lines of authority within agencies.
  - d. Prestige associated with certain titles helps to motivate responders.

**13. Which General Staff position prepares and documents the Incident Action Plan, collects and evaluates information, maintains resource status, and maintains documentation for incident records?**

- a. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- b. Logistics Section Chief
- c. Operations Section Chief
- d. Planning Section Chief

**14. The ICS principle relating to the number of individuals or resources one incident supervisor can manage effectively is referred to as:**

- a. Delegation of authority.
- b. Span of control.
- c. Form follows function.
- d. Unity of Command

**15. Which General Staff position is responsible for ensuring that assigned incident personnel are fed and have communications, medical support, and transportation as needed to meet the operational objectives?**

- a. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- b. Logistics Section Chief
- c. Operations Section Chief
- d. Planning Section Chief

**16. Which Command Staff position monitors safety conditions and develops measures for assuring the safety of all assigned personnel?**

- a. Public Information Officer
- b. Liaison Officer
- c. Resource Officer

d. Safety Officer

**17. Which of the following would you expect to see in an Incident Action Plan?**

- a. Detailed cost estimates for implementing the proposed activities
- b. Measurable tactical operations to be achieved within the specified period.
- c. Listing of all staff members currently deployed to the incident.
- d. A schematic showing all communication equipment in use at the incident.

**18. Which incident facility is the location where personnel and equipment are kept while waiting for tactical assignments?**

- a. Base
- b. Camp
- c. Incident Command Post
- d. Staging Area

**19. Which General Staff position manages costs related to the incident, and provides accounting, procurement, time recording, and cost analyses?**

- a. Finance/Administration Section Chief
- b. Logistics Section Chief
- c. Operations Section Chief
- d. Planning Section Chief

**20. Which incident facility is positioned outside of the present and potential hazard area, but close enough to the incident to maintain command?**

- a. Base
- b. Camp

- c. Incident Command Post
- d. Staging Area

**21. Check-in officially logs you in at the incident. The check-in process and information help to:**

- **Ensure personnel accountability.**
  - **Track resources.**
  - **Prepare personnel for assignments and reassignments.**
  - **Organize the demobilization process.**
- a. Determine procedures for reimbursing your headquarters.
  - b. Identify purchasing authority and procedures
  - c. Determine how food and lodging will be provided.
  - d. Locate personnel in case of an emergency.

**22. Which Command Staff position serves as the primary contact for supporting agencies assigned to an incident?**

- a. Public Information Officer
- b. Liaison Officer
- c. Resource Officer
- d. Safety Officer

**23. After check-in, you should:**

- a. Locate your incident supervisor and obtain your initial briefing.
- b. Determine your return mode of transportation.
- c. Arrange personal items needed for your estimated length of stay.
- d. Report to the command post.

**24. At which incident facility are resources kept to support incident operations if a Base is not accessible to all resources?**

- a. Incident Command Post
- b. Camp
- c. Helibase
- d. Staging Area

**25. Designers of the system recognized early that ICS must:**

- **Meet the needs of incidents of any kind or size.**
  - **Provide logistical and administrative support to ensure that operational staff can meet tactical objectives.**
  - **Be cost effective by avoiding duplication of efforts.**
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- a. Require that a minimum number of personnel be deployed to perform administrative and logistics functions.
  - b. Use certified emergency responders to serve as incident commanders and section chiefs.
  - c. Allow personnel from a variety of agencies to meld rapidly into a common management structure.
  - d. Compensate for incident response failures likely to result from a lack of resources.